Abstract:

In this task, I'll grasp the basics of Lisp processing and Lambda functions with Racket programming language. By doing practical exercises, I'll acquire a solid comprehension of these concepts and their efficient implementation in Racket.

Task 1: Lambda

Demo for Task 1a - Three ascending integers

```
> ( ( lambda ( x ) (cons x ( cons ( + x 1) (cons ( + x 2 ) '() ) ) ) 5)
'(5 6 7)
> ( ( lambda ( x ) (cons x ( cons ( + x 1) (cons ( + x 2 ) '() ) ) ) ) 0)
'(0 1 2)
> ( ( lambda ( x ) (cons x ( cons ( + x 1) (cons ( + x 2 ) '() ) ) ) ) 108)
'(108 109 110)
```

Demo for Task 1b - Make list in reverse order

```
> ( ( lambda ( first second third ) ( list third second first) ) 'red 'yellow 'blue)
' (blue yellow red)
> ( ( lambda ( first second third ) ( list third second first) ) 10 20 30)
' (30 20 10)
> ( ( lambda ( first second third) (list third second first) ) "Professor Plum" "Colonel Mustard" "Miss Scarlet" )
' ("Miss Scarlet" "Colonel Mustard" "Professor Plum")
```

Demo for Task 1c: Random number generator

```
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
4
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
4
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
4
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
3
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
5
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
4
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
5
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
5
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
3
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
3
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 ) ) ) 3 5 )
3
```

```
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
14
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
17
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
16
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
11
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
12
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
11
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
13
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
11
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
12
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
13
> ( ( lambda ( x y ) (random x ( + y 1 0 ) ) ) 11 17 )
13
```

Task 2: List Processing Referencers and Constructors

Demo

```
> ( define colors ' (red blue yellow orange) )
> colors
'(red blue yellow orange)
> 'colors
'colors
> ( quote colors)
'colors
> ( car colors )
'red
> ( cdr colors )
'(blue yellow orange)
> ( car (cdr colors) )
'blue
> ( cdr ( cdr colors) )
'(yellow orange)
> ( cadr colors)
'blue
> ( cddr colors)
'blue
> ( cddr colors)
'led
> ( second colors)
'red
> ( second colors)
'yellow
> ( list-ref colors 2)
'yellow
> ( define key-of-c '( c d e ) )
> ( define key-of-c key-of-g )
'((c d e) g a b)
> ( list key-of-c key-of-g)
'((c d e g a b)
> ( append key-of-c key-of-g)
'(c d e g a b)
```

```
> (define pitches '( do re mi fa so la ti) )
> ( cadddr pitches )
'fa
> ( list-ref pitches 3)
'fa
> ( define a 'alligator )
> (define b 'pussycat)
> (define c 'chimpanzee)
> ( cons a ( cons b ( cons c '() ) ) )
'(alligator pussycat chimpanzee)
> ( list a b c)
'(alligator pussycat chimpanzee)
> ( define x '(1 one) )
> ( define y '(2 two) )
> (cons ( car x) (cons (car (cdr x) ) y) )
'(1 one 2 two)
> ( append x y)
'(1 one 2 two)
```

Task 3: The Sampler Program

Code:

Demo:

```
> ( sampler )
(?) : ( red orange yellow green blue indigo violet )
indigo
(?) : ( red orange yellow green blue indigo violet )
violet
(?) : ( red orange yellow green blue indigo violet )
blue
(?) : ( red orange yellow green blue indigo violet )
yellow
(?) : ( red orange yellow green blue indigo violet )
red
(?) : ( red orange yellow green blue indigo violet )
red
(?) : ( aet ate eat eta tae tea )
eat
(?) : ( aet ate eat eta tae tea )
tae
(?) : ( aet ate eat eta tae tea )
tae
(?) : ( aet ate eat eta tae tea )
tae
(?) : ( aet ate eat eta tae tea )
tae
(?) : ( aet ate eat eta tae tea )
```

```
(?) : ( 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 )

(?) : ( 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 )

(?) : ( 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 )

(?) : ( 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 )

(?) : ( 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 )

(?) : ( 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 )

(?) : ( 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 )
```

Task 4: Playing Cards

Code:

```
( define ( suit card )
39
40
41
    ( define ( red? card )
42
     ( or
43
     ( equal? ( suit card ) 'D )
44
     ( equal? ( suit card ) 'H )
45
46
47
    ( define ( black? card )
48
     ( not ( red? card )
49
50
    ( define ( aces? card1 card2
51
      and
52
     ( equal? ( rank card1 ) 'A )
53
     ( equal? ( rank card2 )
54
```

Demo:

```
> ( define c1 '(7 C ) )
> ( define c2 '( Q H ) )
> c1
'(7 C)
> c2
'(Q H)
> ( rank c1 )
7
> ( suit c1 )
'C
> ( rank c2 )
'Q
> ( suit c2 )
'H
> ( red? c1)
#f
> ( red? c2)
#t
> ( black? c1)
```

```
> ( black? c2)
#f
> ( aces? '( A C ) '(A S ) )
#t
> ( aces? '( K S ) '( A C ) )
#f
> ( ranks 4 )
'((4 C) (4 D) (4 H) (4 S))
> ( ranks 'K)
'((K C) (K D) (K H) (K S))
> ( length (deck ) )
52
> ( display (deck ) )
((2 C) (2 D) (2 H) (2 S) (3 C) (3 D) (3 H) (3 S) (4 C) (4 D) (4 H) (4 2 S) (5 C) (5 D) (5 H) (5 S) (6 C) (6 D) (6 H) (6 S) (7 C) (7 D) (7 H) (7 2 S) (8 C) (8 D) (8 H) (8 S) (9 C) (9 D) (9 H) (9 S) (X C) (X D) (X H) (X 2 S) (3 C) (4 D) (4 H) (4 C)
S) (A C) (A D) (A H) (A S))
> ( pick-a-card)
'(9 D)
> ( pick-a-card)
'(4 C)
> ( pick-a-card)
'(6 H)
> ( pick-a-card)
```